Table 6.1 Means (SD) and differences between means (SD) of the intake of nutrients as obtained from the 24-H-R and the QFFQ (n = 127)

Variable	24-H-R	QFFQ	Difference*	PD** (%)	p-value
	Mean (SD)	Mean (SD)	Mean (SD)	Mean D	
Energy (kJ)	4937 (1697)	7046 (4657)	-2100 (4273)	-21.5 (50.0)	0.0000
Protein (g)	37 (15)	53 (45)	-16.0 (43)	-18.0 (54.3)	0.0000
Fat (g)	31 (17)	46 (39)	-14.9 (35)	-19.4 (67.7)	0.0001
Crb/hydrate (g)	176 (63)	248 (148)	-71.4 (138)	-23.0 (50.1)	0.0000
Calcium (mg)	294 (207)	419(360)	-125 (340)	-20.0 (73.1)	0.0001
Iron (mg)	5.4 (3.0)	8.5 (7.9)	-3.1 (7.3)	-28.3 (60.5)	0.0000
Vitamin A (RE)	448 (1107)	576 (679)	-125 (1268)	-30.0 (102.0)	0.27
Vitamin C (mg)	34 (50)	90 (294)	-56 (275)	-41.0 (102.0)	0.02
Thiamin (mg)	0.65 (0.3)	0.9 (0.64)	-0.25 (0.6)	-19.5 (55.7)	0.0001
Niacin (mg)	7.4 (4.5)	10.5 (10.1)	-3.2 (9.6)	-18.0 (61.3)	0.0003
Riboflavin (mg)	0.74 (0.7)	1.16 (1.14)	-0.42 (1.2)	-28.6 (77.7)	0.0001

<sup>\*</sup> Difference = (mean of 24-H-R - mean of QFFQ)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Percentage Difference (PD) = [(24-H-R- QFFQ)/(QFFQ + 24-H-RI)/2)\*100)]

Table 6.2 Pearson correlation coefficient between the nutrient intake as obtained from the 24-H-R and QFFQ

Variable	Pearson r	p-value
Energy	0.4	0.0001
Protein	0.4	0.0001
Fat	0.43	0.0001
Carbohydrate	0.36	0.0001
Calcium	0.38	0.0001
Iron	0.4	0.0001
Vitamin A	0.06	0.5
Vitamin C	0.45	0.0001
Thiamin	0.38	0.0001
Niacin	0.34	0.0001
Riboflavin	0.27	0.002

Table 6.3 Bland-Altman Method: Complete data set of nutrient intake as obtained from the 24-H-R and the QFFQ (n = 127)

Variable	Limits of <sup>a</sup> Lower	agreement <sup>b</sup> Upper	<sup>c</sup> Spearman r	<sup>d</sup> P- value	<sup>e</sup> sd/sm
Energy (kJ)	-6448	10648	0.65	0.0000	1.54
Protein (g)	-70	102	0.55	0.0000	1.60
Fat (g)	-56	84	0.53	0.0000	1.40
Carbohydrate (g)	-205	347	0.56	0.0000	1.53
Calcium (mg)	-557	807	0.35	0.0001	1.42
Iron (mg)	-11	17	0.41	0.0000	1.40
Vitamin A (RE)	-2411	2661	0.38	0.00001	1.90
Vitamin C (mg)	-494	606	0.46	0.0000	1.72
Thiamin (mg)	-0.75	15	0.51	0.0000	1.50
Niacin (mg)	-17	23	0.33	0.0002	1.67
Riboflavin (mg)	-1.8	2.6	0.43	0.0000	1.71

a. Lower limit = mean of QFFQ and 24-H-R - 2 standard deviations
 b. Upper limit = mean of QFFQ and 24-H-R + 2 standard deviations
 c. Spearman correlation between the mean of the QFFQ and 24-H-R and the difference between the QFFQ and 24-H-R
 d. Significance of the Spearman correlation
 e. Standard deviation of the difference/standard deviation of the mean

Table 6.4 Bland-Altman Method: Excluding outliers on mean dietary intake (greater than the mean  $\pm$  two standard deviations) as obtained from the 24-H-R and QFFQ

Variable	n	Limits of aLower	agreement <sup>b</sup> Upper	<sup>c</sup> Spearman r	<sup>d</sup> P- value	<sup>e</sup> sd/sm
Energy (kJ)	120	-4310	7145	0.59	0.0000	1.50
Protein (g)	118	-42	62	0.46	0.0000	1.44
Fat (g)	118	-40	56	0.41	0.0000	1.50
Carbohydrate (g)	110	-144	228	0.44	0.0000	1.60
Calcium (mg)	116	-455	601	0.21	0.03	1.65
Iron (mg)	122	-6	10	0.34	0.0001	1.35
Vitamin A (RE)	122	-927	1313	0.42	0.0000	1.62
Vitamin C (mg)	124	-132	184	0.42	0.0000	1.70
Thiamin (mg)	122	-0.7	1.1	0.45	0.0000	1.33
Niacin (mg)	120	-8.5	12	0.24	0.008	1.25
Riboflavin (mg)	120	-1.28	1.9	0.40	0.0001	1.53

a. Lower limit = mean of QFFQ and 24-H-R - 2 standard deviations
 b. Upper limit = mean of QFFQ and 24-H-R + 2 standard deviations
 c. Spearman correlation between the mean of the QFFQ and 24-H-R and the difference between the QFFQ and 24hr recalls
 d. Significance of the Spearman correlation

Standard deviation of the difference/standard deviation of the mean

Table 6.5 Percentage of subjects classified into the same or adjacent quintiles of the two distributions by the data obtained from the QFFQ and the 24-H-R (n = 127)

Variable	Same	Q1	Q2	Q3
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Energy	36	68	89	96
Protein	36	72	90	96
Fat	33	69	87	98
Carbohydrate	31	72	88	95
Calcium	28	65	84	96
Iron	28	69	89	100
Vitamin A	31	61	85	96
Vitamin C	31	62	85	95
Thiamin	37	77	92	98
Niacin	28	65	89	100
Riboflavin	31	65	89	91

 $Q_n$  = Quintile number

Table 6.6 Comparison of Energy Intake: Basal Metabolic Rate (EI : BMR) ratios as obtained from the QFFQ and the 24-H-R (n = 127)

Dietary method*	Mean EI : BMR ratio	Standard Deviation		
QFFQ	1.98	1.23		
24-H-R	1.4	0.41		

<sup>\*</sup> Difference significant P=0.0002

Table 6.7 Percentage Distribution of EI: BMR as obtained from the QFFQ and the 24-H-R

EI : BMR	QFFQ	24-H-R
	(%)	(%)
0 – 0,99	14.8	15.6
1,0 - 1,19	11.7	19.5
1,2 -1,39	10.2	18.0
1,4 - 1,59	6.3	14.8
1,6 – 1,79	14.1	14.1
>=1,8	43.0	18.0

Table 6.8 Means (SD) and differences between the means (SD) of the dietary intake as obtained from the first and second administration of the QFFQ (n = 136)

Variable	QFF Mean	Q 1 (SD)	QFF Mean		Diffe Mean	rence (SD)	PD ( Mean		p-value
Energy (kJ)	7056	5377	6685	3981	371	3747	0.07	41	0.5
Protein (g)	49	37	46	29	2.5	27	1.4	46	0.5
Fat (g)	47	49	44	35	3	35	1.1	42	0.6
Crb/hydrate (g)	249	180	235	139	13.5	130	-3.4	52	0.5
Calcium (mg)	430	731	377	258	52	692	-6.4	54	0.4
Iron (mg)	8.9	9.6	7.9	5.7	0.9	8.9	2.8	49	0.3
Vitamin A (RE)	578	814	495	566	83	697	7.2	72	0.3
Vitamin C (mg)	59	109	62	138	-3	116	-0.31	72	0.8
Thiamin (mg)	0.91	0.8	0.89	0.59	0.02	0.74	-	-	0.8
Niacin (mg)	10.2	9.7	9.4	7.1	0.82	6.7	-	-	0.4
Riboflavin mg)	1.1	1.6	1.1	1.2	0.05	1.33	-	-	0.8

Table 6.9 Pearson correlation coefficients between the dietary intake from the first and second administration of the QFFQ (n = 136)

Variable	Pearson r	P-value
Energy	0.72	0.0001
Protein	0.68	0.0001
Fat	0.69	0.0001
Carbohydrate	0.70	0.0001
Calcium	0.32	0.0001
Iron	0.41	0.0001
Vitamin A	0.53	0.0001
Vitamin C	0.58	0.0001
Thiamin	0.48	0.0001
Niacin	0.72	0.0001
Riboflavin	0.58	0.0001

**Table 6.10** Bland-Altman Method: dietary intake from the first and second administration of the QFFQ (n = 136)

Variable	Limits of <sup>a</sup> Lower	agreement <sup>b</sup> Upper	<sup>c</sup> Spearman r	<sup>d</sup> p-value	<sup>e</sup> sd/sm
Energy (kJ)	-7123	7865	0.17	0.04	0.86
Protein (g)	-52	57	0.18	0.03	0.98
Fat (g)	-67	73	0.13	0.12	0.92
Carbohydrate (g)	-247	273	0.19	0.03	0.88
Calcium (mg)	-1334	1438	0.09	0.32	1.6
Iron (mg)	-17	19	0.14	0.11	1.4
Vitamin A (RE)	-1311	1477	0.07	0.41	1.15
Vitamin C (mg)	-235	229	0.11	0.20	1.1
Thiamin (mg)	-1.38	1.42	0.15	0.08	1.2
Niacin (mg)	-13	15	0.07	0.45	0.9
Riboflavin (mg)	-2.6	2.65	0.01	0.88	1.1

Lower limit = mean of QFFQ1 and QFFQ2 - 2 standard deviations
 Upper limit = mean of QFFQ1 and QFFQ2 + 2 standard deviations
 Spearman correlation between the mean of the QFFQ1 and QFFQ2 and the difference between the QFFQ1 and QFFQ2
 Significance of the Spearman correlation
 Standard deviation of the difference/standard deviation of the mean

Table 6.11 Percentage of subjects classified into the same or adjacent quintiles of the two distributions by the data obtained from the first and second administration of the QFFQ (n = 136)

Variable	Same	Q*1	Q2	Q3
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Energy	50	85	94	100
Protein	50	83	93	99
Fat	49	83	97	100
Carbohydrate	52	81	96	100
Calcium	52	87	97	100
Iron	49	85	93	100
Vitamin A	50	79	93	98
Vitamin C	52	80	94	100
Thiamin	50	81	65	98
Niacin	100	100	100	100
Riboflavin	74	83	83	100

<sup>\*</sup>  $Q_n = Quintile number$ 

Table 6.12 The percentage of children that were being breastfed at the time of the survey as determined by the QFFQ by age group: South Africa 1999

Response (%)	Age group				
	1-3 4-6 7-9 RSA				
	Years	Years	Years		
Number (n)	1292	1070	479	2841	
Yes	19	3	1	10	
No	81	97	99	90	

Table 6.13 The percentage of children that were being breastfed at the time of the survey as determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Area of residence								
	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZN	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	WC	RSA
Number (n)	421	208	425	543	157	157	340	233	357	2841

Yes	7	13	12	8	4	19	11	7	11	10
No	93	87	88	92	96	81	89	93	89	90

Table 6.14 The percentage of children that were being breastfed at the time of the survey as determined by the QFFQ by area of residence: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Area of residence									
	Commercial Farms	Formal Urban	Informal Urban	Tribal	Urban	Rural	RSA				
Number (n)	291	1087	329	1134	1416	1425	2841				
Yes	17	9	15	8	10	10	10				
No	83	91	85	92	90	90	90				

Table 6.15 The percentage of children that had been breastfed as infants as determined by the QFFQ by age group: South Africa 1999

Response (%)	(%) Age group								
	1 – 3 Years	4 – 6 Years	7 – 9 Years	RSA					
Number (n)	1271	1076	482	2829					

Yes	87	85	84	86
No	12	13	13	13
Don't know	1	2	2	2

Table 6.16 The percentage of children that had been breastfed as infants as determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Area of residence								
	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZ	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	WC	RSA
Number (n)	412	207	422	540	162	157	346	232	351	2829
Yes	84	89	86	83	81	82	93	90	83	86
No	14	9	12	15	18	13	6	10	16	13
Don't Know	1	2	1	2	1	4	1	0	2	2

Table 6.17 The percentage of children that had been breastfed as infants as determined by the QFFQ by area of residence: South Africa 1999

Response (%)	Area of residence									
	Commercial Farms						RSA			
Number (n)	287	1079	324	1139	1403	1426	2829			
Yes	86	82	87	89	83	88	86			
No	12	15	13	11	15	11	13			
Don't Know	2	3	1	1	2	1	2			

Table 6.18 The duration of breastfeeding for children who had been breastfed as infants as determined by the QFFQ by age group: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Age	group	
	1 – 3	4 – 6	7 – 9	RSA
	Years	Years	Years	
Number (n)	960	842	364	2166
. ,				
< 4 months	16	14	14	15
4 – 6 months	10	9	9	10
7 – 12 months	15	11	12	13
> 1 year	59	66	65	63

Table 6.19 The duration of breastfeeding for children who had been breastfed as infants as

## determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Response (%)	Area of residence									
	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZ	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	WC	RSA
Number (n)	333	181	333	419	117	79	232	197	275	2166
< 4 months	17	9	14	14	4	24	3	10	32	15
4 – 6 months	9	9	12	9	9	14	2	9	14	10
7 – 12 months	13	19	10	12	12	23	14	12	11	13
> 1 year	61	64	64	65	74	39	81	69	43	63

Table 6.20 The duration of breastfeeding for children who had been breastfed as infants as determined by the QFFQ by area of residence: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Area of residence										
	Commercial Farms	Formal Urban	Informal Urban	Tribal	Urban	Rural	RSA					
Number (n)	201	817	252	896	1069	1097	2166					
< 4 months	17	22	13	8	20	10	15					
4 – 6 months	11	13	9	6	12	7	10					
7 – 12 months	12	15	10	12	13	12	13					
> 1 year	60	50	69	73	55	71	63					

Table 6.21 The percentage of children that were receiving infant formulae at the time of the survey as

## determined by the QFFQ by age group: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Age	group				
	1-3 3-6 7-9 F						
	Years	Years	Years				
Number (n)	1300	1075	478	2853			
Yes	9	1	1	5			
No	91	98	98	95			
Don't know	0	0	1	0			

Table 6.22 The percentage of children that were receiving infant formulae at the time of the survey as determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Area of residence									
	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZ	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	WC	RSA	
Number (n)	418	207	426	548	162	157	348	231	356	2853	
Yes	3	3	5	5	9	5	5	4	7	5	
No	97	97	95	95	91	91	95	96	92	95	
Don't know	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	

Table 6.23 The percentage of children that were receiving infant formulae at the time of the survey as determined by the QFFQ by area of residence: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Area of residence									
	Commercial Farms	Formal Urban	Informal Urban	Tribal	Urban	Rural	RSA				
Number (n)	291	1089	327	1146	1416	1437	2853				
Yes	5	6	5	4	6	4	5				
No	94	94	95	96	94	95	95				
Don't know	1	0	0	0	0	0	0				

Table 6.24 The brand name of infant formula used as determined by the QFFQ (n = 108): South Africa 1999

Formula name	Number (n)	Percentage (%)		
Lactogen	11	10		
Lactogen 2	11	10		
Infacare	1	0.9		
Infagro	7	6		
Infasoy	3	3		
Isomil	4	4		
Klim	1	0.9		

**Progress** 

**S26** 

SMA

 Nan
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 Nespray
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 Pelargon
 5
 5

 Pelargon 2
 1
 0.9

3

10

4

3

9

4

Table 6.25 The percentage of children that were following a special diet as determined by the QFFQ by age group: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Age	group	
	1 – 3	3 – 6	7 – 9	RSA
	Years	Years	Years	
Number (n)	1306	1085	481	2872
Yes	2	1	2	1
No	98	99	98	98
Don't know	0	1	1	1

Table 6.26 The percentage of children that were following a special diet as determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Response (%)	se (%)  Area of residence									
	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZ	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	WC	RSA
Number (n)	424	208	425	555	163	156	352	232	357	2872
Yes*	2	0	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1
No	98	99	98	99	98	96	97	98	99	98
Don't know	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	0	1

<sup>\*</sup>Of the children who said YES, they follow a special diet, there were 28 who replied the following:

Table 6.27 The percentage of children that were following a special diet as determined by the QFFQ by area of residence: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Area of residence										
	Commercial Farms	Formal Urban	Informal Urban	Tribal	Urban	Rural	RSA					
Number (n)	291	1092	328	1161	1420	1452	2872					
Yes	1	2	0	1	1	1	1					
No	98	98	100	98	98	98	98					
Don't know	1	1	0	1	0	1	1					

<sup>1 (3.6%)</sup> diabetic, 6 (21.4%) slimming, 13 (46.4%) allergies, 8 (28.6%) other

Table 6.28 The percentage of children that had eaten away from home during the week preceding the interview as determined by the QFFQ by age group: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Age	group	
	1 – 3	3 – 6	7 – 9	RSA
	Years	Years	Years	
Number (n)	1306	1081	480	2867
Yes	16	23	26	20
No	83	74	72	78
Don't know	2	3	3	2

Table 6.29 The percentage of children that had eaten away from home during the week preceding the interview as determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Response (%)	Area of residence									
	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZ	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	WC	RSA
Number (n)	424	208	425	554	163	156	355	232	350	2867
Yes	21	13	25	20	9	6	12	13	41	20
No	73	85	75	79	90	90	83	87	58	78
Don't know	6	2	1	2	1	4	5	0	0	2

\*Eat out: 1 time - 103 responses (22.3%); 2 times - 52 (11.3%); 3 times - 33 (7.1%); 4 times - 28 (6.1%); 5 times - 215 (46.5%); 6 times - 5 (1.1%); 7 times - 19 (4.1%); 7 times - 7 (1.5%). A total of 269 (58.2%) of these replied that it was at creche/school/pre-school/day mother; 14 (3.0%) said it was a restaurant/take away and the rest was with family, friends or neighbours

Table 6.30 The percentage of children that had eaten away from home during the week preceding the interview as determined by the QFFQ by area of residence: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Area of residence										
	Commercial Farms	Formal Urban	Informal Urban	Tribal	Urban	Rural	RSA					
Number (n)	289	1087	330	1161	1417	1450	2867					
Yes	17	25	22	15	24	16	20					
No	82	72	78	81	74	81	78					
Don't know	1	2	1	3	2	3	2					

Table 6.31 The percentage of children that eat maize porridge as determined by the QFFQ by age group: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Age	group	
	1 – 3	3 – 6	7 – 9	RSA
	Years	Years	Years	
Number (n)	1306	1084	482	2872
Yes	94	94	90	93
No	6	6	10	7
Don't know	0	0	0	0

Table 6.32 The percentage of children that eat maize porridge as determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Response (%)  Area of residence										
	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZ	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	WC	RSA
Number (n)	424	208	426	551	164	157	354	232	356	2872
Yes	96	99	95	91	98	99	95	100	76	93
No	4	1	5	8	2	1	5	0	24	7
Don't know	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 6.33 The percentage of children that eat maize porridge as determined by the QFFQ by area of residence: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Area of residence										
	Commercial Farms	Formal Urban	Informal Urban	Tribal	Urban	Rural	RSA					
Number (n)	291	1092	329	1160	1421	1451	2872					
Yes	97	87	98	96	90	96	93					
No	3	13	2	4	10	3	7					

Don't know	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 6.34 Maize: The percentage of respondents who knew the brand name as determined by the QFFQ by age group: South Africa 1999

Response (%)		Age	group	
	1 - 3 Years	4 - 6 Years	7 – 9 Years	RSA
Number (n)	1228	1011	441	2680
Yes	90	87	89	89
No	9	12	11	10
Don't know	1	1	1	1

Table 6.35 Maize: The percentage of respondents who knew the brand name as determined by the QFFQ by area of residence: South Africa 1999

Response (%)	Area of residence  Commercial Formal Informal Tribal Urban Rural Farms Urban Urban 1089 1314 1366								
Number (n)	277	986	328	1089	1314	1366	2680		

Yes	90	89	91	88	89	89	89
No	8	11	9	11	10	11	10
Don't know	2	1	0	1	0	1	1

Table 6.36 Maize: The percentage of respondents who knew the brand name as determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Response (%)	Area of residence										
	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZ	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	WC	RSA	
Number (n)	403	203	412	517	157	152	321	224	291	2680	
Yes	77	89	90	94	96	92	87	92	86	89	
No	22	11	9	5	4	5	12	7	13	10	
Don't know	1	0	0	1	0	3	1	1	1	1	

Table 6.37 Maize: The brand names purchased as determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Brand name	EC (%)	FS (%)	G/TENG (%)	KZ (%)	M/GA (%)	NC (%)	NW %)	NP (%)	WC (%)	RSA (%)
Number (n)	397	199	407	497	160	147	210	328	256	2601
A1	-	-	3	-	-	-	5	-	-	0.9
ACE	9	2	33	22	4	1	5	3	2	12
Bathobothe	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	0.8

Blue Bird 0.6 0.5 **Bokomo** 0.5 Crown 8.0 0.5 0.9 **Excella** 0.7 0.6 0.9 **Impala** 2.5 Induna 0.6 Inkanyezi --Inyala ---Iwisa 0.4 Mazola Nyala OTK 0.6 Pride 0.5 0.6 Shaya 0.2 "Special" 0.7 8.0 Super Sun 0.6 **Tafelberg** 0.5 Thuso Westra **White Diamond** 0.2 2.5 

Table 6.38 Maize: The place of purchase as determined by the QFFQ by age group: South Africa 1999

Place of purchase (%)		Age	group	
	1 - 3 Years	4 - 6 Years	7 – 9 Years	RSA
Number (n)	1271	1058	465	2794

Shop	92	91	92	92
Employer	2	3	2	2
Harvest/Grind Self	1	1	0	1
Other	1	1	1	1
Don't Know	0	1	0	0
Not Applicable	3	3	4	3

Table 6.39 Maize: The place of purchase as determined by the QFFQ by area of residence: South Africa 1999

Place of purchase (%)			Area of re	esidence			
	Commercial	Formal	Informal	Tribal	Urban	Rural	RSA
	Farms	Urban	Urban				
Number (n)	282	1051	329	1132	1380	1414	2794
Shop	77	90	98	97	92	93	92
Employer	19	1	1	0	1	4	2
Harvest/Grind Self	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
Other	1	1	1	2	1	2	1
Don't Know	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Not Applicable	2	9	0	0	7	0	3

Table 6.40 Maize: The place of purchase as determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Place of purchase (%)		Area of residence									
	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZ	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	WC	RSA	
Number (n)	413	200	418	537	154	155	345	229	343	2794	

Shop	98	77	95	96	99	90	95	95	76	92
Employer	1	19	0	0	1	8	1	2	1	2
Harvest/Grind Self	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
Other	0	3	1	1	0	1	4	0	1	1
Don't Know	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Not Applicable	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	21	3

Table 6.41 Maize: The amount purchased as determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Amount purchased (%)	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZ	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	WC	RSA
Number (n)	416	208	414	538	162	156	350	233	269	2758
< 2 kg	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	40	5
≥2 - ≤5 kg	4	1	3	2	1	5	1	3	29	7
≥5 - ≤10 kg	6	0	12	1	2	6	1	1	8	5
≥10 - ≤25 kg	52	48	68	28	23	71	7	43	23	37
≥25 - ≤50 kg	20	8	9	19	17	6	8	17	0	13
≥50 - ≤80 kg	16	21	5	22	36	9	16	34	0	16
>80 kg	0.7	22	1	25	21	3	67	3	0	16

Table 6.42 Maize: The duration of storage as determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Time Stored (%)	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZ	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	WC	RSA
Number (n)	414	207	412	535	162	155	349	231	268	2744

< 7 days	3	1	3	1	0	2	0	1	9	2
≥7 - ≤14 days	6	4	10	6	1	6	0	6	23	7
≥14 - ≤21 days	15	14	24	14	8	24	3	23	24	16
≥21 - ≤28 days	23	14	16	13	9	20	7	28	8	15
≥28 - ≤60 days	53	61	44	61	78	45	77	42	29	55
>60 days	1	7	3	5	4	3	12	0	8	5

Table 6.43 Maize: The duration of cooking as determined by the QFFQ by province: South Africa 1999

Time Cooked (%)	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZ	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	wc	RSA
Number (n)	348	204	360	444	138	138	281	198	260	2385
< 10 min	0	1	3	1	1	4	0	2	11	2
10-20- min	4	2	10	2	0	9	2	8	37	8
20-30- min	4	2	19	10	12	17	5	11	15	10
30-45- min	18	46	42	33	38	36	30	38	19	32
45-60- min	3	36	13	16	22	16	15	18	4	15
60-90- min	49	13	10	37	23	17	43	18	10	27
>90 min	21	2	3	2	1	1	5	5	4	6

Table 6.44 Maize: The type of appliance used for cooking as determined by the QFFQ by age group:

South Africa 1999

Type of appliance (%)		Age group							
	1 - 3 Years	4 - 6 Years	7 – 9 Years	RSA					
Number (n)	1255	1040	456	2751					
Open Fire	25	28	24	26					
Electric Stove	35	36	38	36					
Gas Stove	6	5	4	5					
Paraffin Stove	27	25	25	26					
Other	4	4	6	4					
Not Applicable	3	3	4	3					

Table 6.45 Maize: The type of appliance used for cooking as determined by the QFFQ by area of residence: South Africa 1999

Type of appliance (%)	Area of residence									
	Commercial Farms	Formal Urban	Informal Urban	Tribal	Urban	Rural	RSA			
Number (n)	286	1009	328	1128	1337	1414	2751			
Open Fire	25	3	4	53	4	47	26			
Electric Stove	40	63	29	13	55	18	36			
Gas Stove	7	6	5	3	6	4	5			
Paraffin Stove	20	19	53	26	27	25	26			
Other	7	2	8	5	4	5	4			
Not Applicable	2	6	1	1	5	1	3			

Table 6.46 Maize: The type of appliance used for cooking as determined by the QFFQ by province:

South Africa 1999

Type of appliance (%)	EC	FS	G/TENG	KZ	M/GA	NC	NP	NW	WC	RSA
Number (n)	412	205	405	527	157	155	338	226	326	2751
Open Fire	39	14	2	33	20	21	58	30	4	26
Electric Stove	17	24	57	34	50	40	27	27	52	36
Gas Stove	4	5	2	4	4	16	2	4	9	5
Paraffin Stove	38	56	31	21	16	21	7	39	10	26
Other*	1	1	7	5	10	2	6	0	7	4
Not Applicable	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	18	3

<sup>\*</sup> Other includes Coal Stove (101 cases), Microwave (6 cases), Woodstove (21 cases)